

If  $A$  and  $B$  are sets, we say they have the *same cardinality* if there exists a bijection  $f : A \rightarrow B$ , in which case we write  $|A| = |B|$ . We say a set  $A$  is *countable* if there exists a bijection  $f : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow A$ .

**Proposition HW14.1:** Cardinality defines an equivalence relation.

*Proof.* □

**Proposition HW14.2:** The set  $(0, 1)$  has the same cardinality as  $(-1, 1)$ .

*Proof.* □

**Proposition HW14.3:** The set  $(0, 1)$  has the same cardinality as  $(0, \infty)$ .

*Proof.* □

**Proposition HW14.4:** The set  $(-1, 1)$  has the same cardinality as  $\mathbb{R}$ .

*Proof.* □

**Proposition HW14.5:** The set  $(0, 1)$  has the same cardinality as  $(0, 1]$ .

*Proof.* □

**Proposition HW14.6:**  $\{a + \sqrt{2}b : a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\}$  is countable.

*Proof.* □