

1. Evans 2.5.12
2. Evans 2.5.13
3. Prove the following weak maximum principle for the heat equation in $\mathbb{R}^n \times (0, T)$. Let u be bounded and continuous on $\mathbb{R}^n \times [0, T]$ and be a $C^{2,1}(\mathbb{R}^n \times (0, T))$ function satisfying

$$u_t - \Delta u \leq 0$$

on $\mathbb{R}^n \times (0, T)$. Show that

$$\sup_{\mathbb{R}^n \times [0, T]} u(x, t) \leq \sup_{\mathbb{R}^n} u(x, 0).$$

Hint: One solution to this problem takes advantage of the fact that $v(x, t) = \frac{1}{2}|x|^2 - t$ solves the heat equation. Consider functions of the form $u_\epsilon = u - \epsilon v$.

4.

- a. Find a solution to the system of ODEs

$$\begin{aligned} u'(t) + v(t) &= 0 \\ v'(t) - u(t) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

with initial condition $u(0) = a$ and $v(0) = 0$. Even if you haven't see systems of ODEs before, you should be able to find a solution with a little playing around.

- b. Use Duhamel's principle to solve the following non-homogeneous ODE

$$\begin{aligned} u'(t) + v(t) &= f(t) \\ v'(t) - u(t) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

with initial conditions $u(0) = v(0) = 0$.