Assignment 3 is due at 5 p.m. Tuesday, February 20.

Instructions

Write programs as described below. **E-mail** your work to ffggc@uaf.edu with subject "AA3". Source (and, if required, data) files should be attached to your e-mail message.

Note: I may not read your homework e-mail immediately. If you wish to discuss the assignment (or anything else) with me, send me a separate message with a different subject line.

Exercises

Exercise 1

Write a program that simulates a DFA that recognizes Roman numerals.

A Roman numeral is a sequence of upper-case letters, possibly including M, D, C, L, X, V, and I, representing an integer from 1 to 3999, according to the usual rules.

Your code should conform to the following requirements.

- The language you use can be C, C++, or any other language approved in advance by your instructor.
- The input should be taken from a file whose name is entered by the user after the program is run (no command-line parameters). You may assume that the input contains only upper-case letters and newlines.
- The DFA should be run once on each line of the input file. For each line, print "YES" if the DFA accepts the line, or "NO" otherwise.
- The code must actually simulate a DFA. That is: You must keep track of the current state. You must use *only* the current state and one input symbol to determine the next state. You must use *only* the state at the end of the line to determine what to print.
- For the input alphabet of your DFA, you may use either the set of all upper-case letters or the set of all upper-case letters and an end-of-line marker, whichever you find more convenient.
- Your code must be neat and readable, and it should be clear to the reader that you are simulating a DFA, how the state is stored, how transitions are done, and how acceptance is tested.

For example, suppose your program is given the following input:

```
MCMLXXXIV
MIX
HOWDY
III
IIII
IV
```

Then the output should be:

YES YES NO YES NO

YES

Exercise 2

Like exercise 1, but the DFA should recognize "reasonable words". A reasonable word is a string of upper-case letters in which

- no two consecutive letters are both vowels,
- no three consecutive letters are all consonants,
- the first two letters are not both consonants,
- the last two letters are not both consonants, and
- there is at least one vowel.

The vowels are A, E, I, O, and U. The other 21 letters are consonants.

For example, suppose your program is given the following input:

```
AUTOMATA
AND
FORMAL
LANGUAGES
IS
A
NIFTY
CLASS
```

Then the output should be:

NO NO YES NO

YES YES

NO NO

Extra Credit Option

For extra credit, instead of writing two programs, write just one program that reads a description of a DFA from a data file, and then executes the DFA on some input file.

If you do this option, send me one program, two data files, and (brief!) instructions on how to run the program.